



FH WIENER NEUSTADT
BIOTECH CAMPUS TULLN

– Biotechnology & Digital Future –

Recovery Strategies for Textiles

Josef Ressel Centre

Christian B. Schimper¹, Birgit Herbinger¹, Judith Rudolf-Scholik¹, Agnes Grünfelder¹, David Lilek¹, Felice Quartinello¹, Jean Marie Egan¹, Georg Gübitz², Thomas Rosenau³, Wolfgang Ipsmiller⁴, Nika Depope⁴ & Andreas Bartl⁴

¹) University of Applied Sciences Wiener Neustadt, Josef Ressel Centre for Recovery Strategies for Textiles, Biotech Campus Tulln, Austria

²) University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences Vienna, Institute of Environmental Biotechnology, Dep. of Agrobiotechnology, IFA-Tulln

³) University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences Vienna, Institute of Chemistry of Renewable Resources, Tulln, Austria

⁴) TU Wien, Institute of Chemical, Environmental and Bioscience Engineering, Research Group for Particle Technology, Recycling Technology and Technology Assessment, Vienna, Austria

A photograph of a paper mill interior. The scene is filled with large industrial machinery, including rollers and spindles, arranged in a long line. The ceiling is high with exposed pipes and fluorescent lighting. A worker is visible in the distance. The overall atmosphere is industrial and brightly lit.

110.0000.0000



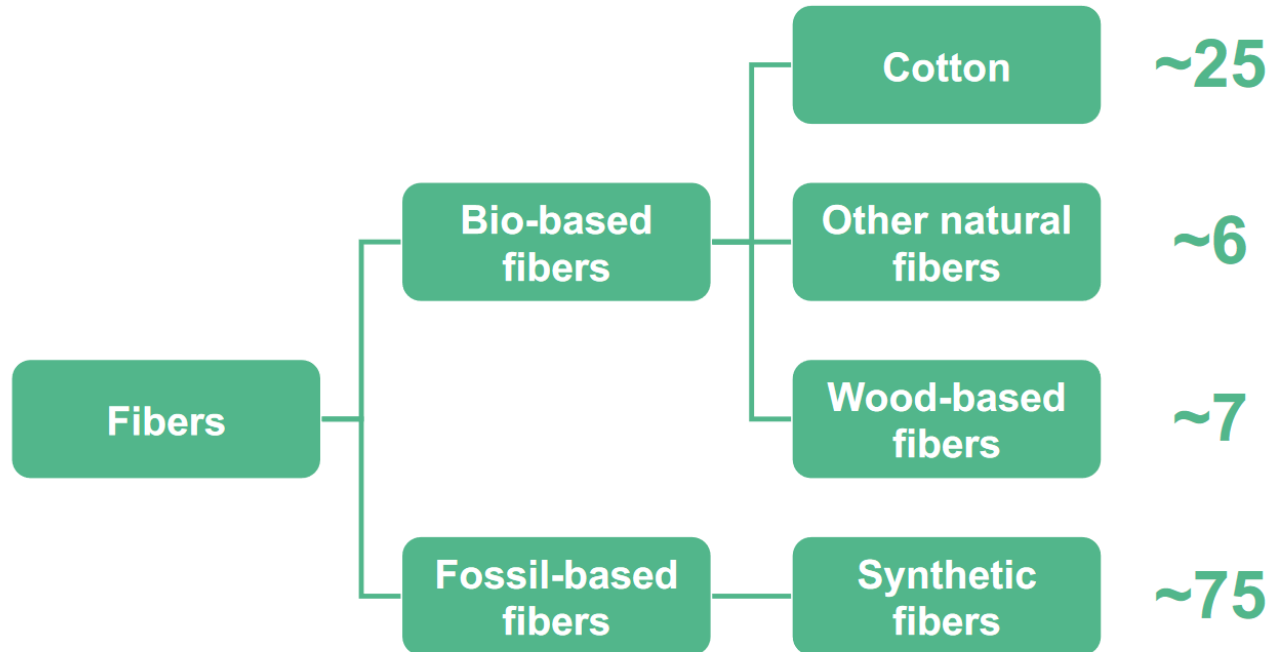
1%



Background

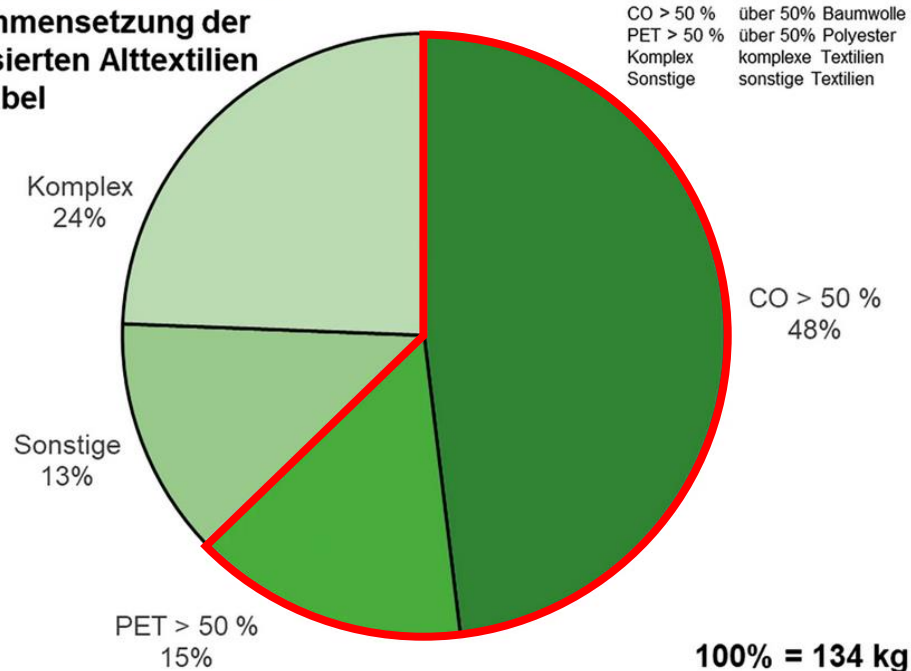


Fiber types and their share in global demand 2021



From: Wie viel Polyester steckt in der Altkleidersammlung? Ergebnisse einer Voruntersuchung aus Wien
Content of polyester in separately collected waste textiles: a pre-investigation from Vienna

Zusammensetzung der analysierten Alttextilien mit Label



Zusammensetzung der analysierten Alttextilien mit Label aus Altkleidersammelcontainern

Background



Textiles in Europe

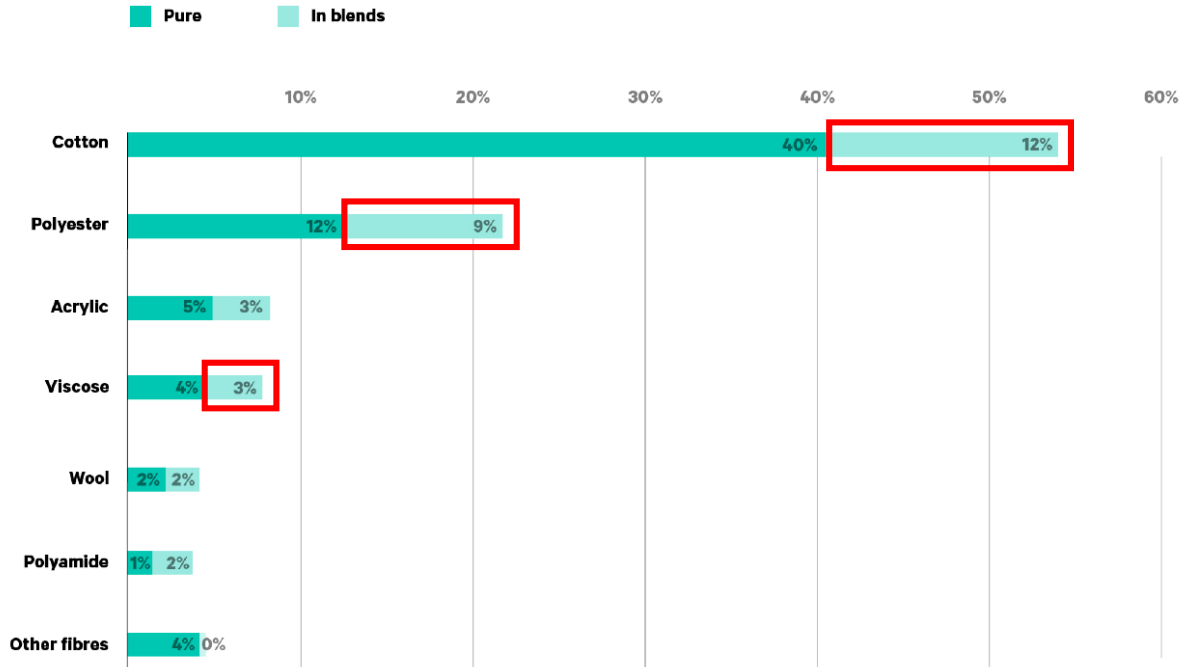
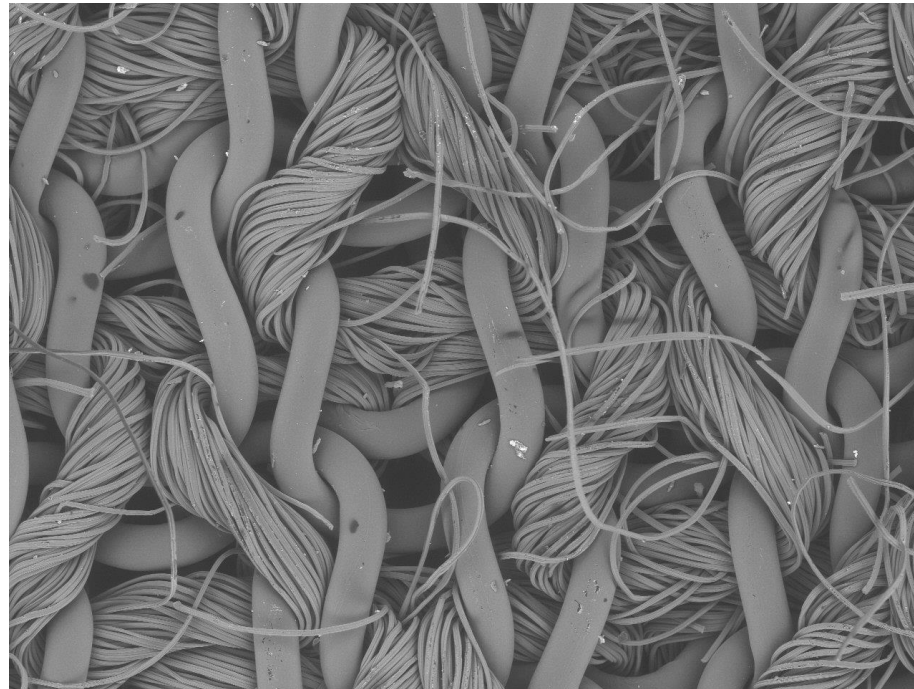


FIGURE 7: PRESENCE OF FIBRE TYPES IN THE FRACTION, OCCURRENCE AS PURE MATERIALS VS. IN BLENDS.
SOURCE: CIRCLE ECONOMY AND FASHION FOR GOOD (2022)

Textile Recycling

Chemical recycling of blends



TM3030_3764

2022/07/27 15:28 HL

x100

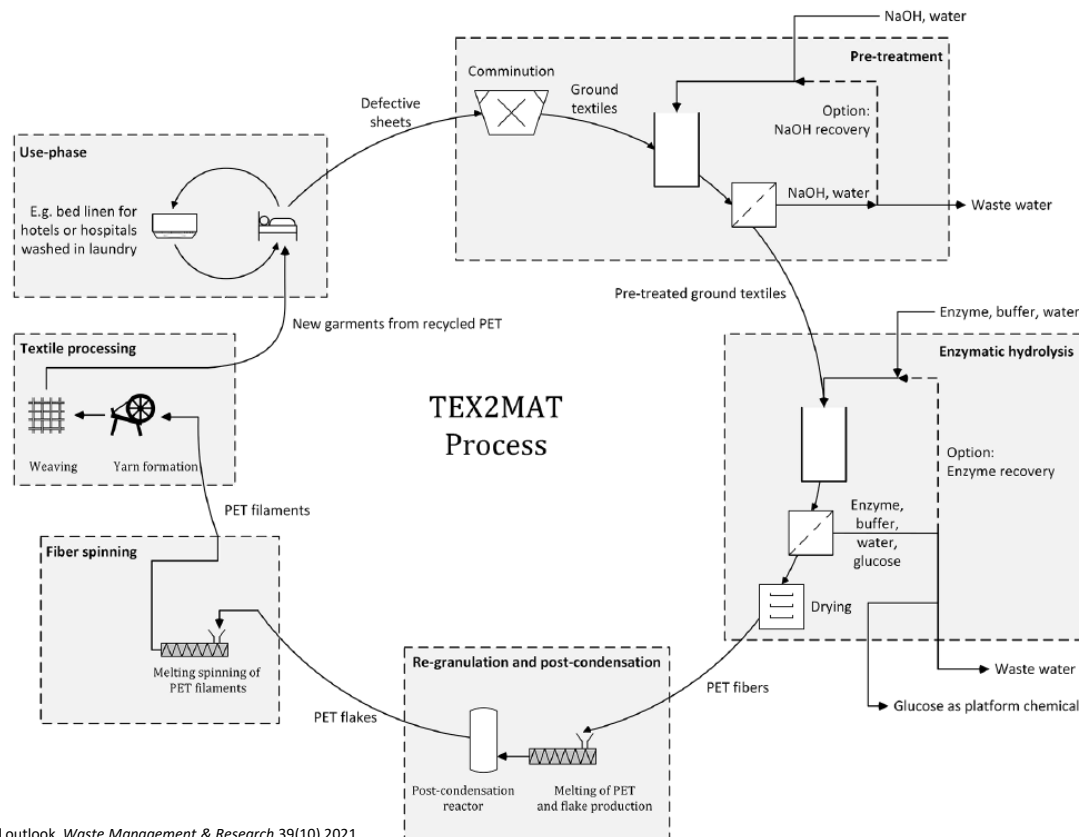
1 mm

Recovery Strategies for Textiles

TEX2MAT Project

Fiber to Fiber Recycling of Textile Waste

2017-2019



Recovery Strategies for Textiles

TEX2MAT Project

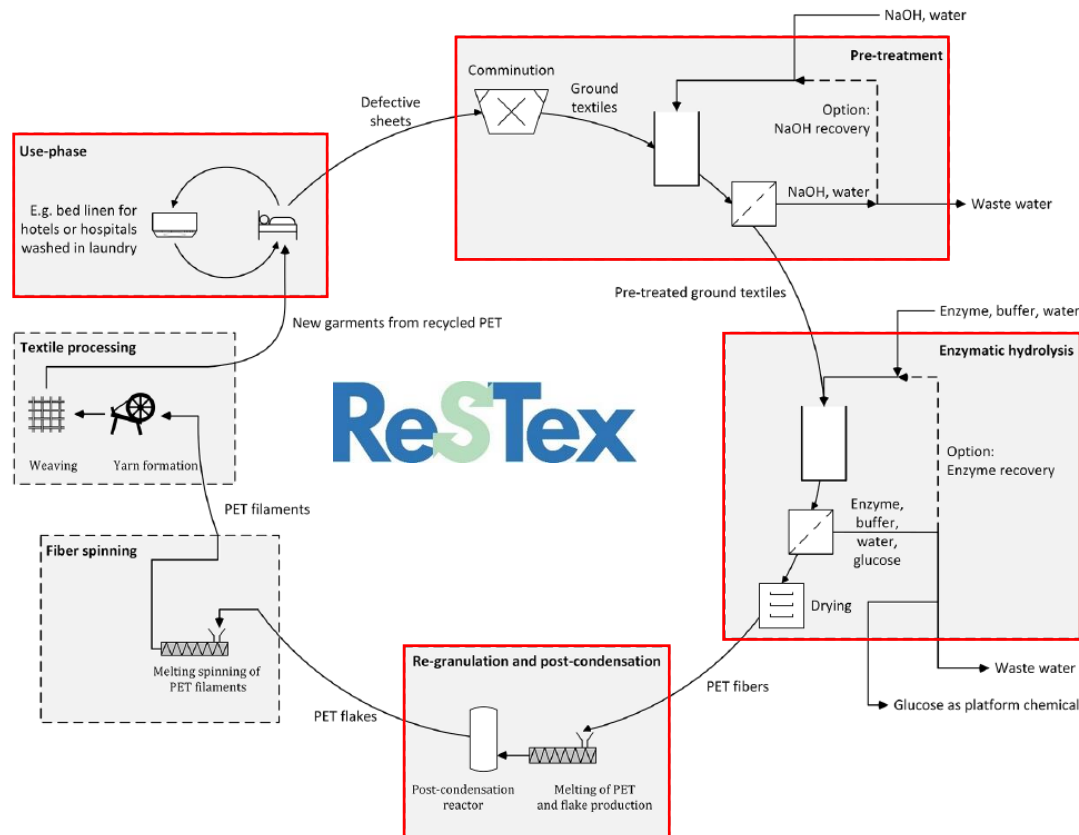
Fiber to Fiber Recycling
of Textile Waste

2017-2019



Recovery Strategies for Textiles

ReSTex Project



Involved partners



FH WIENER NEUSTADT
BIOTECH CAMPUS TULLN
– Biotechnology & Digital Future –



FACHHOCHSCHULE
WIENER NEUSTADT
University of Applied Sciences – Austria



erema
group



BOKU
UNIVERSITY



Christian Doppler
Forschungsgesellschaft



recycling
technology

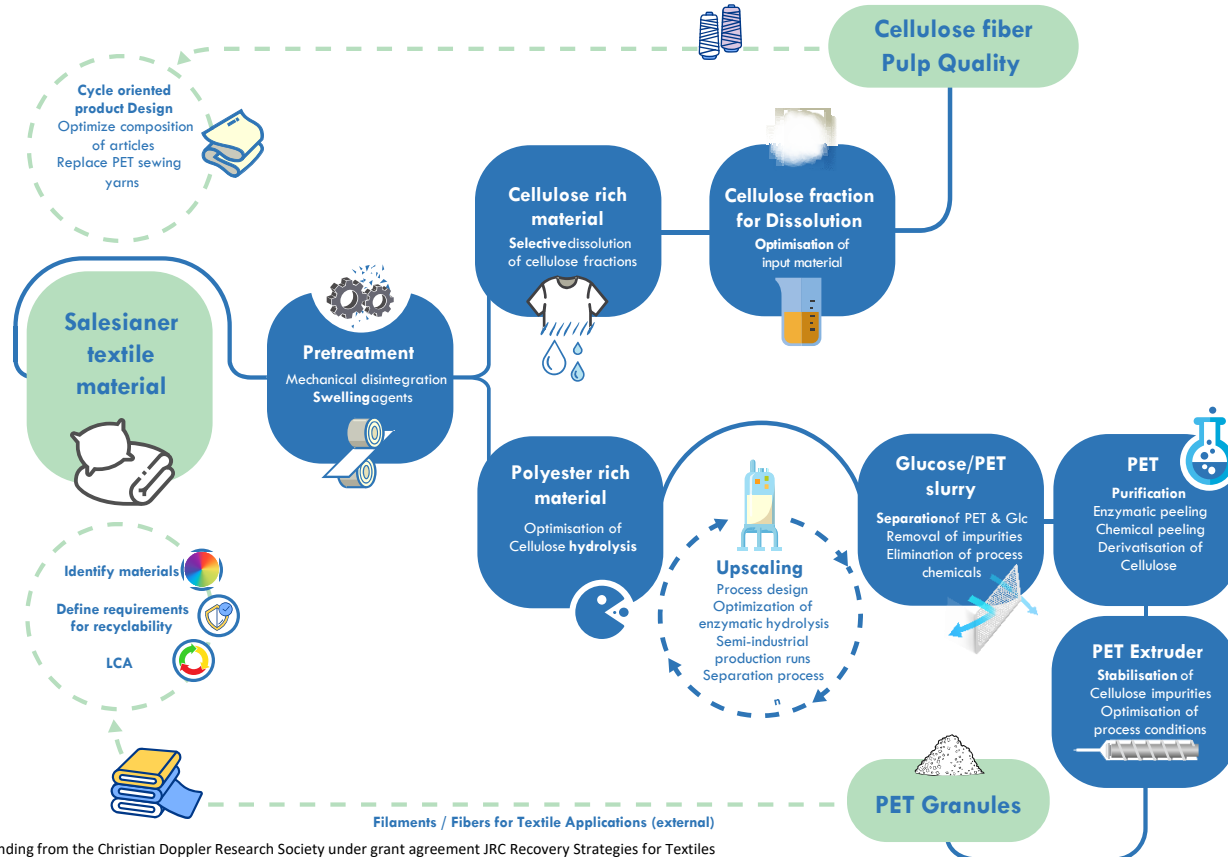


Kofinanziert von der
Europäischen Union

 **Bundesministerium**
Arbeit und Wirtschaft



The research project



Filaments / Fibers for Textile Applications (external)



Recovery Strategies for Textiles

ReSTex Project

- Summary of Activities
 - Optimization of pretreatments for enzymatic hydrolysis
 - Selective dissolution of a polymer
 - Circular design (towel)
 - LCA of 3 article types
 - Combination of mechanical & thermal recycling
 - Influence parameters for thermal recycling
 - Build up spectroscopy database & evaluation of different technologies

ReSTeX

<https://www.fhwn.ac.at/forschung/josef-ressel-zentrum>
www.linkedin.com/company/jrc-restex

